

The Memory Hierarchy

CS520

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create illusion of very large memory
that can be accessed with high speed

why illusion?

because high-speed (i.e. low access time)
memory is expensive

<u>technology</u>	<u>access time</u>	<u>cost</u>
static RAM	1x	100x
dynamic RAM	10x	1x
disk	1Mx	.01x

How can this possibly work?

programs exhibit locality

they access a relatively small portion
of their address space in any small
interval of time

temporal locality

If a location is referenced, it will
tend to be referenced again soon

spatial locality

If a location is referenced, locations whose addresses are close by will tend to be referenced soon

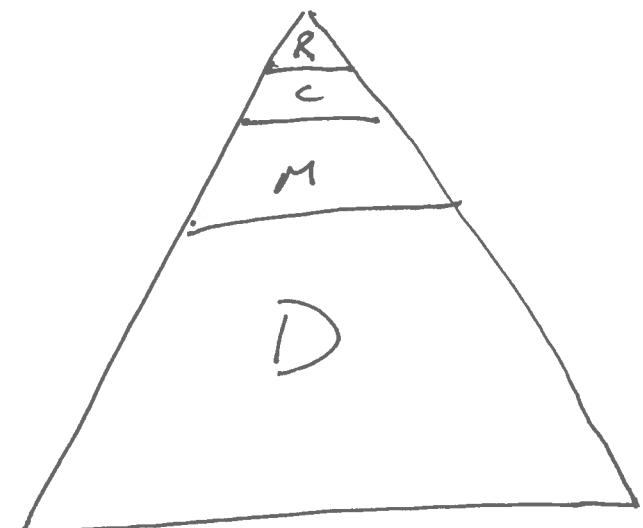
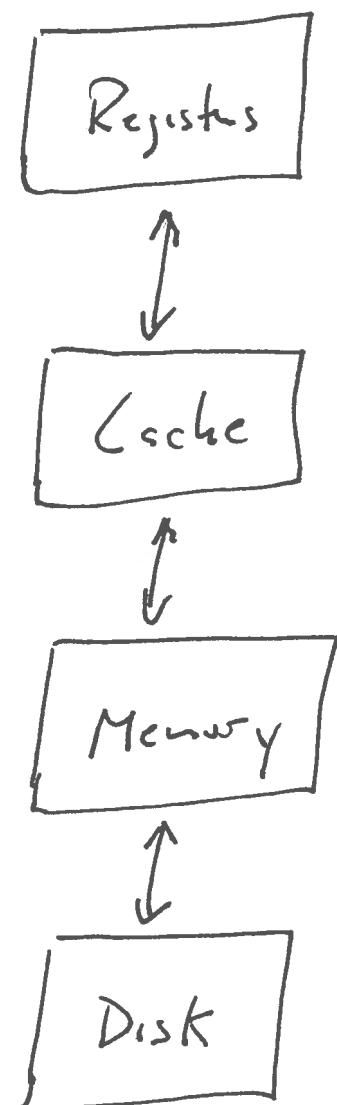
for ($i = 0$; $i < n$; $i++$) {

$\underline{\text{sum}} = \underline{\text{sum}} + \underbrace{a[i]}_{\{i\}}$

}

SO

place locations in a hierarchy in which
least frequently accessed locations are
lowest in the hierarchy and most frequently
accessed locations are highest in the hierarchy



spatial locality causes systems to treat
blocks of contiguous memory locations
as a single unit

hit rate

fraction of accesses satisfied at an
upper level

miss penalty

time to satisfy access that misses
at upper level

Key problems

determining where a location is
in the hierarchy

moving locations up and down
in the hierarchy