

CS 758/858: Algorithms

<http://www.cs.unh.edu/~ruml/cs758>

[DP](#)

[More DP](#)

DP

- Counting
- 0-1 Knapsack
- Time Complexity
- Break

[More DP](#)

DP

Counting

DP

■ Counting

■ 0-1 Knapsack

■ Time Complexity

■ Break

More DP

You are late for a meeting that is held on the floor above your current location. You can climb the staircase one step at a time, two steps at a time, or, with great effort, three steps at a time. As you are rushing upstairs, the increased bloodflow to your brain (combined with the adrenaline from being late) gives you a sudden flash of insight into how to count the number of ways of climbing a staircase of n steps. What is the algorithm?

0-1 Knapsack

DP

■ Counting

■ 0-1 Knapsack

■ Time Complexity

■ Break

More DP

Given n objects with integer weights w_i and values v_i , what is the most valuable subset that weighs at most W ?

0-1 Knapsack

DP

■ Counting

■ 0-1 Knapsack

■ Time Complexity

■ Break

More DP

Given n objects with integer weights w_i and values v_i , what is the most valuable subset that weighs at most W ?

Give an algorithm that runs in $O(nW)$ time.

0-1 Knapsack

DP

■ Counting

■ 0-1 Knapsack

■ Time Complexity

■ Break

More DP

Given n objects with integer weights w_i and values v_i , what is the most valuable subset that weighs at most W ?

Give an algorithm that runs in $O(nW)$ time.

Will greedy work? What if items can be divided?

Time Complexity

what is the length of the input?

DP

■ Counting

■ 0-1 Knapsack

■ Time Complexity

■ Break

More DP

Time Complexity

DP

■ Counting

■ 0-1 Knapsack

■ Time Complexity

■ Break

More DP

what is the length of the input?

pseudo-polynomial time: polynomial if the magnitude of the input numbers is polynomial in the input size.

Time Complexity

DP

■ Counting

■ 0-1 Knapsack

■ Time Complexity

■ Break

More DP

what is the length of the input?

pseudo-polynomial time: polynomial if the magnitude of the input numbers is polynomial in the input size.

Does this apply to radix sort?

Break

DP

- Counting
- 0-1 Knapsack
- Time Complexity

■ Break

More DP

■ asst 5

■ asst 6

DP

More DP

■ Increasing Subseq

■ EOLQs

More DP

Longest Increasing Subsequence

DP

More DP

■ Increasing Subseq

■ EOLQs

Given a sequence of length n consisting of numbers, give an $O(n^2)$ algorithm that finds the longest (not necessarily contiguous) subsequence that consists of monotonically increasing values.

Longest Increasing Subsequence

DP

More DP

■ Increasing Subseq

■ EOLQs

Given a sequence of length n consisting of numbers, give an $O(n^2)$ algorithm that finds the longest (not necessarily contiguous) subsequence that consists of monotonically increasing values.

BTW, there is an $O(n \lg n)$ algorithm

For example:

- What's still confusing?
- What question didn't you get to ask today?
- What would you like to hear more about?

Please write down your most pressing question about algorithms and put it in the box on your way out.

Thanks!